Math 204B (Number Theory), UCSD, winter 2021 Problem Set 17 – due Thursday, March 11, 2021

If you are planning to submit a final project, these will be due by Friday, March 19.

- 1. Let L/K be a Galois extension of number fields with Galois group G.
 - (a) Give an explicit example for which $\operatorname{Cl}(K) \to \operatorname{Cl}(L)^G$ fails to be injective. (Hint: use the principal ideal theorem.)
 - (b) Give an explicit example for which $\operatorname{Cl}(K) \to \operatorname{Cl}(L)^G$ fails to be surjective. (Hint: take L to be a quadratic extension of \mathbb{Q} with $\operatorname{Cl}(L) \cong \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$.)
- 2. Put $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{13}, \sqrt{17})$. Show that $5^2 \in \operatorname{Norm}_{K_w/\mathbb{Q}_v} K_w^*$ for every place w of K lying above a place v of \mathbb{Q} , but $5^2 \notin \operatorname{Norm}_{K/\mathbb{Q}} K^*$.
- 3. Prove the following special case of the Hasse-Minkowski theorem. Let K be a number field and choose $a, b, c \in K^*$. Suppose that for each place v of K, there exist $x, y, z \in K_v$, not all zero, such that $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 0$. Then there exist $x, y, z \in K$, not all zero, such that $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2$. (Hint: show that -c is a norm from $K(\sqrt{-b/a})$ to K.)
- 4. (a) Let K be a field of characteristic not equal to 2. Show that 16 is an 8th power in K if and only if one of -1, 2, -2 is a square in K.
 - (b) Put $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{7})$. Show that 16 is an 8th power in every completion of K, but not in K itself.
- 5. Let K be a number field, let S be a finite set of finite places of K, and let m be a positive integer. Prove that there exists a cyclic extension L of K contained in $K(\zeta_n)$ for some n such that for all $v \in S$, for some place w of L above K, $[L_w : K_v]$ is divisible by m.